P2274-TM15-REV A-BDH

APPENDIX A
Glossary of Acoustic Terms

Term	Abbreviation	Description
Decibel	dB	A scale for comparing the ratios of two quantities, including sound pressure and sound power.
A-weighting	dB(A)	The unit of sound level, weighted according to the A-scale, which takes into account the change in sensitivity of the human ear at varying frequencies.
Sound Pressure Level	L_{pA}	A measure of the sound pressure at a particular location. Typically expressed in dB(A) referenced to $2x10^{-5}$ Pascals.
Equivalent Continuous Sound Level	$L_{Aeq,T}$	The steady level of sound over a prescribed period of time which would contain the same total sound energy as the actual fluctuating noise under consideration in the same period of time.
Statistical Sound Levels	L_{A10} and L_{A90}	The level of noise exceeded for a percentage of the time period being sampled, namely 10% or 90%, respectively.
Background Sound Level	$L_{A90,T}$	The A-weighted sound pressure level of the residual noise at the assessment position that is exceeded for 90% of the time period being sampled.
Maximum Sound Level	L_{Amax}	The maximum sound or noise level determined with instrumentation set to either a fast time weighting, L_{AFmax}, or a slow time weighting, L_{Asmax}, as occurring during the time period being sampled.
Sound Power Level	L_{wA}	A measure of the total sound energy radiated from a source. Like sound pressure levels, this is also expressed in dB(A) terms, but it is referenced to 1×10^{-12} W.
Broadband		Sound sampled over a wide range of frequencies.
Narrow band		Sound sampled over a specific, restricted frequency range. Used to ascertain the amplitude and significant of individual, audible tones, and to assist in identifying particular sources of noise within a complex, multi-source soundscape environment.
Ambient Sound	$L_{eq,T}$	Totally encompassing sound in a given situation at a given time, usually composed of sound from many sources, both near and far.
Specific Sound Level	$L_{eq,T}$	The Equivalent Continuous A-Weighted Sound Level at an assessment position produced by a specific sound over a given reference time interval, *Tr*
Rating Level	$L_{Ar,Tr}$	The Specific Sound Level plus any adjustment for the acoustic characteristic features of the noise (e.g. intermittency, tones etc.).
Residual Noise	$L_{Aeq,T}$	The ambient sound remaining at given position in a given situation, when the specific sound source is suppressed to such an extent that it no longer contributes to the ambient sound.
Sound Reduction Index	*SRI*	The reduction in sound energy when transmitted through a panel or similar planar element, typically used in relation to single octave or one-third octave frequency band values.
Weighted Sound Reduction Index	R_w	The Sound Reduction Index expressed as a single figure, as expressed against a reference curve.
Dynamic Insertion Loss	*DIL*	Reduction in acoustic energy resulting from the insertion of a noise control element (e.g. an attenuator, acoustic enclosure etc.).
Free Field		Noise measuring location that is free from the presence of sound reflecting objects (except the ground), usually taken to mean being at least 3.5 metres distance from reflective surface(s) or greater.